Living Things & their Habitats

Life processes

There are seven things that all living things do. These are called life processes.

'MRS GREN' will help you remember!

Movement Respiration Sensitivity

Growth Reproduction Excretion Nutrition



All living things move. All living things take in gas and release gas. Being able to

hear, see, smell, feel and taste.

To get larger or taller. Having offspring. Getting rid of waste products. Consuming food for energy.

The five animal groups









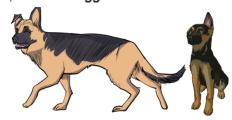


Reproduction in animals

Mammals

A mammals offspring grows inside the mother's womb. The mother provides nutrients and oxygen to the foetus (unborn baby). When a mammal carries a foetus it is pregnant.

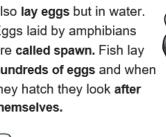
In order to **create a baby**, two mammal parents (a male and a female) are needed. A male sex cell, called a sperm, fertilises the female sex cell, called an egg.



Reproduction is the process in which living things create offspring (children or babies). Off spring will have DNA from parents and have similar characteristics.

Birds and Reptiles

Birds and reptiles lay eggs. The shell protects the baby and when it is ready, it will break out of the shell. Baby birds will be looked after by their mothers, whereas adult reptiles do not look after their babies.



Amphibians and fish

Fish and most amphibians also lay eggs but in water. Eggs laid by amphibians are called spawn. Fish lay hundreds of eggs and when they hatch they look after themselves.

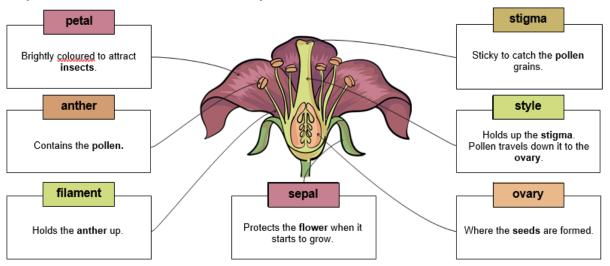




Reproduction in plants

The Flower

The flower's main job is to create new **seeds to grow new plants.** There are lots of **different parts** of the flower.

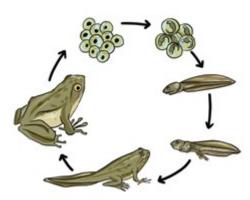


Pollination and seed dispersal

Pollination is when **pollen** from the anther is **transferred** to **the stigma**. This can happen **by wind** or **by a pollinator** such as **a bee** or **a butterfly**. Once the pollen is transferred to the stigma, it travels down the style to **the ovary** where the seed grows. Seeds are then dispersed and will grow in **different places**. Seeds can be dispersed by exploding plants, wind, water or animals.

Life Cycles

Frog life cycle



Butterfly life cycle



Strawberry life cycle

