



History - What is the legacy of the ancient Greek civilisation?

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| achievement | A significant accomplishment or contribution that had a lasting impact. |
| assembly | A democratic organisation in Ancient Athens where all men could vote on laws. |
| Athens | The largest and one of the most influential city-states in ancient Greece. |
| citizen* | A person who belongs to a country and has certain rights and responsibilities. |
| city-state | A city or town that, with the surrounding countryside, is an independent state. |
| Classical Golden Period | The period from 480 BC to 323 BC in which the Greeks built temples, created democracy and made scientific discoveries. |
| democracy* | A government elected by the citizens. |
| direct democracy | A system of government in Ancient Greece which gave all men the right to vote. |
| legacy* | Past events or actions which have had a lasting impact. |
| oligarchy | A system of government in Ancient Greece in which only a few people held power. |
| philosophy | The 'love of wisdom' in which people think and ask basic questions about human life. |
| Sparta | One of the most powerful city-states in Ancient Greece, known for its fierce army. |
| Zeus | In Greek mythology, the god of the sky and the supreme ruler of the Olympian gods. |



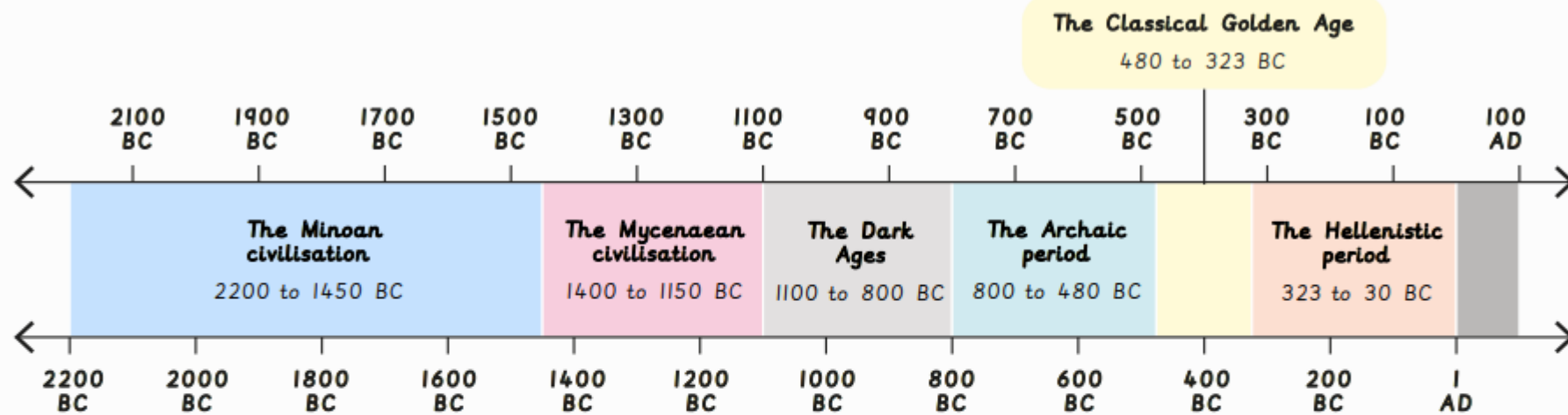
Athenian democracy was one of the first in the world. It was a direct democracy in which the citizens themselves voted for laws in the assembly. Modern Britain has a representative democracy where people elect a representative (Member of Parliament) to make decisions on their behalf. Citizens over 18 can vote in Britain; however, in ancient Athens, only adult males born in Athens could vote.



The ancient Greeks believed 12 gods and goddesses lived on Mount Olympus. The Greeks prayed to them at home and in temples and ran sporting events and festivals in their honour. They believed that if something went wrong, the gods were unhappy with them. The characters, images and abilities of the Greek gods and goddesses have influenced modern-day movies, animations, books, comics and video games.

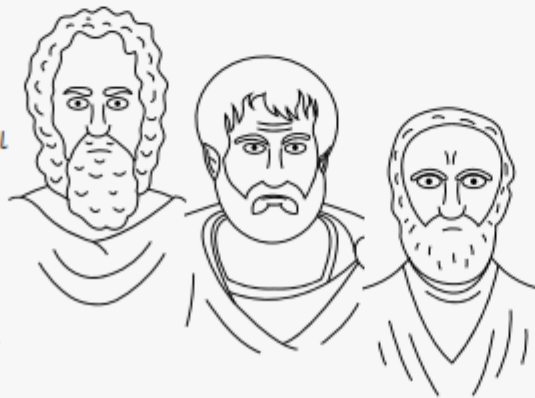
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Timeline of Ancient Greece



Philosophy

Philosophy (meaning 'love of wisdom') was developed by the ancient Greeks. Famous philosophers such as Pythagoras, Socrates, Plato and Aristotle still influence our thinking today: Pythagoras created the first maths formula, Socrates developed the Socratic method used to discuss ideas, Plato's ideas on ethics are still debated today, and Aristotle laid the foundations for modern science.



The English language

A B X Δ
E H Γ I
K Λ M N
Ω O Φ Π
Ψ P Σ T
Θ Y Ε Z

Many words in the English language (such as character, comedy, democracy, dinosaur, drama, planet, geography and technology) originated from Greek. The Greek alphabet (alphabetum) contributed ten letters to the English language. Moreover, the word alphabet comes from the Greek letters alpha and beta.